

Axial Piston Variable Pump A4VG

RE 92003/06.12
Replaces: 06.09

1/68

Data sheet

Series 32
Size 28 to 250
Nominal pressure 400 bar
Maximum pressure 450 bar
Closed circuit



Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Ordering code for standard program | 2 |
| Technical data | 5 |
| NV – Version without control module | 11 |
| DG – Hydraulic control, direct controlled | 11 |
| HD – Proportional control hydraulic, pilot-pressure related | 12 |
| HW – Proportional control hydraulic, mechanical servo | 13 |
| EP – Proportional control electric | 14 |
| EZ – Two-point control electric | 15 |
| DA – Automatic control speed-related | 16 |
| Dimensions size 28 to 250 | 18 |
| Through drive dimensions | 50 |
| Overview of mounting options | 52 |
| Combination pumps A4VG + A4VG | 53 |
| High-pressure relief valves | 54 |
| Pressure cut-off | 55 |
| Mechanical stroke limiter | 56 |
| Ports X ₃ and X ₄ for stroking chamber pressure | 56 |
| Filtration boost circuit / external supply | 57 |
| Swivel angle sensor | 61 |
| Connector for solenoids | 62 |
| Rotary inch valve | 63 |
| Installation dimensions for coupling assembly | 64 |
| Installation instructions | 65 |
| General instructions | 68 |

Features

- Variable axial piston pump of swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in closed circuit.
- The flow is proportional to the drive speed and displacement.
- The flow can be infinitely varied by adjusting the swashplate angle.
- Flow direction changes smoothly when the swashplate is moved through the neutral position.
- A wide range of highly adaptable control devices with different control and regulating functions, for all important applications.
- Two pressure-relief valves are provided on the high-pressure side to protect the hydrostatic transmission (pump and motor) from overload.
- The high-pressure relief valves also function as boost valves.
- The integrated boost pump acts as a feed pump and control pressure supply.
- The maximum boost pressure is limited by a built-in low-pressure relief valve.
- As standard with integrated pressure cut-off

Technical data

Table of values (theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded)

| Size | NG | | 28 | 40 | 56 | 71 | 90 | 125 | 180 | 250 | |
|--|--------------|--------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Displacement geometric, per revolution | | | | | | | | | | | |
| variable pump | $V_{g \max}$ | cm ³ | 28 | 40 | 56 | 71 | 90 | 125 | 180 | 250 | |
| boost pump (at p = 20 bar) | $V_{g Sp}$ | cm ³ | 6.1 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 28.3 | 39.8 | 52.5 | |
| Speed ¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| maximum at $V_{g \max}$ | n_{nom} | rpm | 4250 | 4000 | 3600 | 3300 | 3050 | 2850 | 2500 | 2400 | |
| limited maximum ²⁾ | n_{max} | rpm | 4500 | 4200 | 3900 | 3600 | 3300 | 3250 | 2900 | 2600 | |
| intermittent maximum ³⁾ | n_{max} | rpm | 5000 | 5000 | 4500 | 4100 | 3800 | 3450 | 3000 | 2700 | |
| minimum | n_{min} | rpm | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | |
| Flow | | | | | | | | | | | |
| at n_{nom} and $V_{g \max}$ | q_v | L/min | 119 | 160 | 202 | 234 | 275 | 356 | 450 | 600 | |
| Power ⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| at n_{nom} , $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 400$ bar | P | kW | 79 | 107 | 134 | 156 | 183 | 238 | 300 | 400 | |
| Torque ⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 400$ bar | T | Nm | 178 | 255 | 357 | 452 | 573 | 796 | 1146 | 1592 | |
| | T | Nm | 45 | 64 | 89 | 113 | 143 | 199 | 286 | 398 | |
| Rotary stiffness drive shaft | S | c | kNm/rad | 31.4 | 69 | 80.8 | 98.8 | 158.1 | 218.3 | 244.5 | 354.5 |
| | T | c | kNm/rad | – | – | 95 | 120.9 | – | 252.1 | 318.4 | 534.3 |
| | A | c | kNm/rad | – | 79.6 | 95.8 | 142.4 | 176.8 | 256.5 | – | – |
| | Z | c | kNm/rad | 32.8 | 67.5 | 78.8 | 122.8 | 137 | 223.7 | 319.6 | 624.2 |
| | U | c | kNm/rad | – | 50.8 | – | – | 107.6 | – | – | – |
| Moment of inertia for rotary group | J_{GR} | kgm ² | 0.0022 | 0.0038 | 0.0066 | 0.0097 | 0.0149 | 0.0232 | 0.0444 | 0.0983 | |
| Maximum angular acceleration ⁵⁾ | α | rad/s ² | 38000 | 30000 | 24000 | 21000 | 18000 | 14000 | 11000 | 6700 | |
| Case volume | V | L | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 6.3 | |
| Mass approx. (without through drive) | m | kg | 29 | 31 | 38 | 50 | 60 | 80 | 101 | 156 | |
| Center of gravity ⁶⁾ | X | mm | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | |
| | Y | mm | 24 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 33 | 30 | |
| | Z | mm | 105 | 112 | 106 | 135 | 145 | 160 | 180 | 203 | |

1) The values are valid:

- for the optimum viscosity range from $v_{opt} = 36$ to 16 mm²/s
- with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils

2) Limited maximum speed:

- at half of corner power (e. g. at $V_{g \max}$ and $p_N / 2$)

3) Intermittent maximum speed:

- at high idle speed
- at overspeed: $\Delta p = 70$ to 150 bar and $V_{g \max}$
- at reversing peaks: $\Delta p < 300$ bar and $t < 0.1$ s.

4) Without boost pump

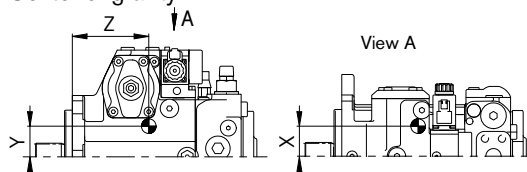
5) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible speed.

Valid for external excitation (e. g. engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency).

The limit value applies for a single pump only.

The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.

6) Center of gravity


Note:

Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. We recommend testing the loads by means of experiment or calculation / simulation and comparison with the permissible values.